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# AP<sup>®</sup> Calculus AB

## 2014 Free-Response Questions

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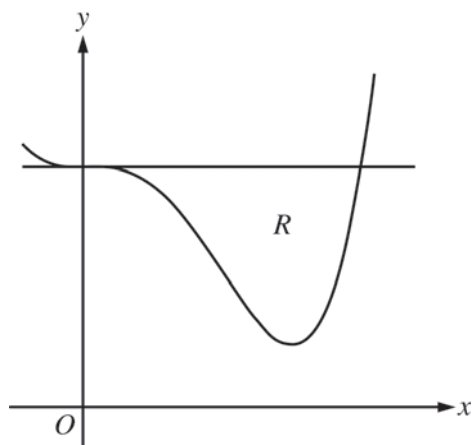
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**CALCULUS AB**  
**SECTION II, Part A**  
**Time—30 minutes**  
**Number of problems—2**

**A graphing calculator is required for these problems.**

1. Grass clippings are placed in a bin, where they decompose. For  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ , the amount of grass clippings remaining in the bin is modeled by  $A(t) = 6.687(0.931)^t$ , where  $A(t)$  is measured in pounds and  $t$  is measured in days.
- (a) Find the average rate of change of  $A(t)$  over the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ . Indicate units of measure.
- (b) Find the value of  $A'(15)$ . Using correct units, interpret the meaning of the value in the context of the problem.
- (c) Find the time  $t$  for which the amount of grass clippings in the bin is equal to the average amount of grass clippings in the bin over the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ .
- (d) For  $t > 30$ ,  $L(t)$ , the linear approximation to  $A$  at  $t = 30$ , is a better model for the amount of grass clippings remaining in the bin. Use  $L(t)$  to predict the time at which there will be 0.5 pound of grass clippings remaining in the bin. Show the work that leads to your answer.
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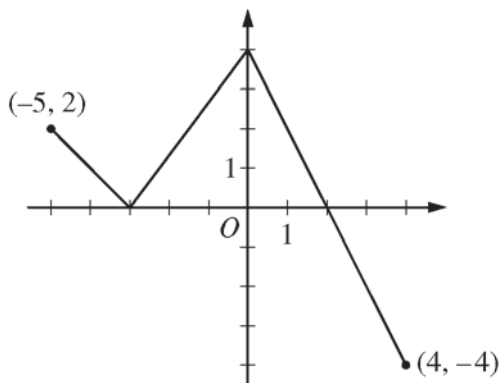


2. Let  $R$  be the region enclosed by the graph of  $f(x) = x^4 - 2.3x^3 + 4$  and the horizontal line  $y = 4$ , as shown in the figure above.
- (a) Find the volume of the solid generated when  $R$  is rotated about the horizontal line  $y = -2$ .
- (b) Region  $R$  is the base of a solid. For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis is an isosceles right triangle with a leg in  $R$ . Find the volume of the solid.
- (c) The vertical line  $x = k$  divides  $R$  into two regions with equal areas. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving integral expressions whose solution gives the value  $k$ .
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END OF PART A OF SECTION II

**CALCULUS AB**  
**SECTION II, Part B**  
**Time—60 minutes**  
**Number of problems—4**

No calculator is allowed for these problems.



Graph of  $f$

3. The function  $f$  is defined on the closed interval  $[-5, 4]$ . The graph of  $f$  consists of three line segments and is shown in the figure above. Let  $g$  be the function defined by  $g(x) = \int_{-3}^x f(t) dt$ .
- (a) Find  $g(3)$ .
- (b) On what open intervals contained in  $-5 < x < 4$  is the graph of  $g$  both increasing and concave down? Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) The function  $h$  is defined by  $h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{5x}$ . Find  $h'(3)$ .
- (d) The function  $p$  is defined by  $p(x) = f(x^2 - x)$ . Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of  $p$  at the point where  $x = -1$ .

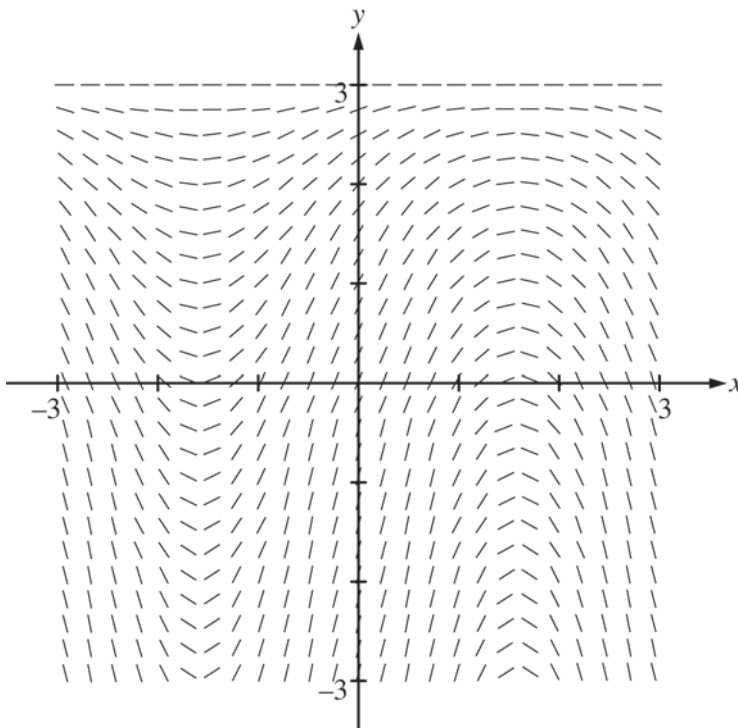
$t$ (minutes)	0	2	5	8	12
$v_A(t)$ (meters/minute)	0	100	40	-120	-150

4. Train  $A$  runs back and forth on an east-west section of railroad track. Train  $A$ 's velocity, measured in meters per minute, is given by a differentiable function  $v_A(t)$ , where time  $t$  is measured in minutes. Selected values for  $v_A(t)$  are given in the table above.
- Find the average acceleration of train  $A$  over the interval  $2 \leq t \leq 8$ .
  - Do the data in the table support the conclusion that train  $A$ 's velocity is  $-100$  meters per minute at some time  $t$  with  $5 < t < 8$ ? Give a reason for your answer.
  - At time  $t = 2$ , train  $A$ 's position is 300 meters east of the Origin Station, and the train is moving to the east. Write an expression involving an integral that gives the position of train  $A$ , in meters from the Origin Station, at time  $t = 12$ . Use a trapezoidal sum with three subintervals indicated by the table to approximate the position of the train at time  $t = 12$ .
  - A second train, train  $B$ , travels north from the Origin Station. At time  $t$  the velocity of train  $B$  is given by  $v_B(t) = -5t^2 + 60t + 25$ , and at time  $t = 2$  the train is 400 meters north of the station. Find the rate, in meters per minute, at which the distance between train  $A$  and train  $B$  is changing at time  $t = 2$ .
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$x$	-2	$-2 < x < -1$	-1	$-1 < x < 1$	1	$1 < x < 3$	3
$f(x)$	12	Positive	8	Positive	2	Positive	7
$f'(x)$	-5	Negative	0	Negative	0	Positive	$\frac{1}{2}$
$g(x)$	-1	Negative	0	Positive	3	Positive	1
$g'(x)$	2	Positive	$\frac{3}{2}$	Positive	0	Negative	-2

5. The twice-differentiable functions  $f$  and  $g$  are defined for all real numbers  $x$ . Values of  $f$ ,  $f'$ ,  $g$ , and  $g'$  for various values of  $x$  are given in the table above.
- (a) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of each relative minimum of  $f$  on the interval  $[-2, 3]$ . Justify your answers.
- (b) Explain why there must be a value  $c$ , for  $-1 < c < 1$ , such that  $f''(c) = 0$ .
- (c) The function  $h$  is defined by  $h(x) = \ln(f(x))$ . Find  $h'(3)$ . Show the computations that lead to your answer.
- (d) Evaluate  $\int_{-2}^3 f'(g(x))g'(x) dx$ .
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6. Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (3 - y)\cos x$ . Let  $y = f(x)$  be the particular solution to the differential equation with the initial condition  $f(0) = 1$ . The function  $f$  is defined for all real numbers.
- (a) A portion of the slope field of the differential equation is given below. Sketch the solution curve through the point  $(0, 1)$ .



- (b) Write an equation for the line tangent to the solution curve in part (a) at the point  $(0, 1)$ . Use the equation to approximate  $f(0.2)$ .
- (c) Find  $y = f(x)$ , the particular solution to the differential equation with the initial condition  $f(0) = 1$ .

**STOP**

**END OF EXAM**